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| South bids 2NT to show four card support and 13 plus HCP and no singleton or void. <br> North shows the shortage but with values in the short suit South is turned off. South has only 10 TP leaving the partnership well short to 26 TP. | W bids 2NT to show 4 card support and 13 plus HCP. E rebids at the 4 level to show a basic opener which $W$ who has a flat hand is happy to pass. |
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| N bids 2D as a transfer to Hs. S accepts the transfer and $N$ raises to 3 H indicating 6 Hs held and invitational values. S has 16 and so going to game is optional. Deciding any lead can only help the position of his kings in making tricks the invitation is accepted. Don't beat yourself up if you decline but with 6 H s in the N hand N must also have some shape to help you out. | E bids 2 H to transfer W into Ss . The subsequent bid of 3 NT shows game values and just 5Ss held. W decides to stay in NT as E has struck his doubleton. |


|  <br> With 4 card support for $p, S$ is able to make a Bergen raise. 3C confirms 7 to 10 HCP. N has a basic 7 loser hand and decides to leave the auction at 3 H . The 3 C bid must be alerted as it is a non-natural bid. |  <br> E opens a revolting $H$ suit but finds $p$ has 4 card support and 7 to 10 HCP with the 3 C bid which must be alerted. What does $N$ do? The premptive value of the Bergen raise is shown here. Does $N$ leap in with $3 S$ and hope? Or $X$ and see if $p$ is able to leave it in for penalties? E will sign off in 3 H and the penalty X is difficult to find. NS are robbed of $3 S$. |
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|  <br> With a flat hand and values in all suits plus knowing there can be only a maximum of 5 points out against them, N saves time by going direct to 6 NT . You can go via Puppet and RKCB but this gives opportunities for the ops to X to indicate lead preferences on artifical bids. You have the points ... go straight there. |  <br> North's intervention may seem a little light but he has good shape and is not vulnerable. East's $X$ smacks strongly of his holding 4 spades. South "barrage bids" by jumping in hearts. This has merit because it soaks up bidding space for the side with points and because the LTT implies a profitable score with nine trumps. Holding good trumps, East's second X is for penalties. Although the contract goes 2 light for -300, it is a good sacrifice should E/W play in 4 S . |


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| S does an Aussie Bergen raise in response to ps 1 S opener. 3 H , which must be alerted, shows 3 card spade support and 10 to 12 HCP. N decides with shape that is enough for game. | Here $W$ has 4 card support for $E$ and 11 HCP. $A$ Bergen raise of $3 D$ tells $W$ the range and good support. With a 7 loser hand E has shape but needs $p$ at the top end to reach game. 3 H is an invitation to game. W has a 7 loser hand and should accept the game invite bidding 4S. Both the 3D and 3H bids must be alerted as artificial. |
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| The thought of jump-bidding his clubs probably crossed West's mind, but he remembered just in time he was playing Michaels CRO. Even if he wasn't $N$ would still cue-support the spades. Finding $S$ with a little more strength would make for slam aspirations. | It's interesting how often you see a 4-3 fit making game ... everything is right here. However, most pairs will settle for a partial score after an exploratory auction such as this. Note: if East does not test the club position at the 2-level there is a danger of becoming overbid. |

